

SUN YAT SEN IS CALLED TO DEFEAT PLOTS OF MANCHUS

Famous Chinese Leader, Who Was First Provisional President of Ancient Country, Again Summoned to Take Reins

SOUTHERN PROVINCES ARE RALLYING AGAINST MONARCHY

Doctor Statesman Intimates In Statement That He May Soon Call Upon the United States to Intervene in Far Eastern Tangle

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SHANGHAI, July 7.—Sun Yat Sen, leader of the first successful revolution against the Manchu dynasty and the bureaucratic government of China and the first Provisional President of the Chinese Republic, was yesterday again placed at the head of a provisional republican government and empowered to call upon the forces of Southern China to depose a Manchurian emperor once again.

The call upon Doctor Sun was made at a meeting of military leaders held here yesterday. Provisional President Sun has been making his home in this city for some time, following his return from Tokyo, where he lived in exile for a number of years, following the accession to power of Yuan Shih-kai. Doctor Sun is known to be a bitter enemy of the Manchus and the imperial form of government.

May Ask Our Aid
In an interview yesterday, prior to the call of the military leaders that he again assume the provisional presidency, Doctor Sun stated his conviction that the time was not far off when a formal request would be made upon the United States for assistance in helping restore republicanism throughout China. That the American government is anxious to see the Republic conserved is known, a formal note presented to the Peking government some weeks ago making that plain. This is the note to which the Japanese press took such violent exception.

Doctor Sun according to the published text of the interview, which was given out through a Japanese agency, stated that Japan had already been asked to preserve the Chinese Republic, but that Viscount Motono, the Japanese minister of foreign affairs, had refused, reiterating the statement that it was the policy of Premier Terauchi not to intervene in any way in the internal affairs of China.

Situation Grows Complex
The several reports of the situation that have been received here from North China only make the situation more complex and the certainty of serious trouble more certain. Several independent parties have sprung up their only common bond being the determination of each to restore the Republic and to depose the Boy Emperor, whom Chang Huan and his military circle of adherents have replaced upon the ancient throne.

One Republican army, led by Tuan Chi Jui, is approaching Peking twenty thousand strong. Tuan has announced that he is a positive exponent of the object of which is to administer the punishment of a republican China upon a bureaucratic rebel. He has sent an ultimatum to Chang Huan, offering him favorable treatment if he surrenders himself and the Emperor without resistance, with death as the alternative if he does not.

Revolution Grows
Further complications are involved in the report that Feng Kuo Chang is heading another revolutionary movement at Nanking, which he has designated as the capital of the Republic of South China.

The armed forces nominally at the disposal of the Emperor and his military leaders are said to number 30,000, while the revolutionary forces converging upon Peking number in the neighborhood of 50,000.

The northern leaders do not expect fighting, believing that Chang Huan's men will desert him as soon as the strength of the republicans is realized.

Reports from Peking state that fighting has already broken out at Langfang, thirty-five miles southeast of the capital. The royal forces number 5000 and the republicans 20,000.

The situation in the capital is serious. Trains are carrying thousands of refugees to Tientsin. Four thousand imperialists have advanced along the Hankow railway and are massed four miles from Peking, ready to oppose

ROOSEVELT STRIKES BIG LABOR LEADER

Brings Hand Down On Gompers' Shoulder When Latter Resents Accusation

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

ST. LOUIS, Missouri, July 7.—Theodore Roosevelt struck Samuel Gompers here last night at a great mass meeting at which Gompers had resented the sensational accusation hurled by the former President of the United States that organized labor was responsible for the recent bloody riots in East St. Louis, Illinois, across the river from here.

The occasion of the meeting was the presence of the Russian commission to the United States, which came to America to confer with the administration relative to the cooperation of the United States and Russia in the war with Germany and which is now touring the country. The Russian Commissioners were present as the guests of honor at one of the greatest mass meetings ever held in St. Louis. The meeting was held in Carnegie Hall.

Roosevelt, who was the principal speaker at the meeting, vigorously denounced the riot in East St. Louis, in which more than thirty persons, mostly negroes, were killed and scores more wounded.

The speech of the former President was preceded by the reading by President Gompers of a letter from the Illinois labor federation president denying that the labor unions had any share in the bloody riots. Roosevelt's denunciation of those whom he accused of being responsible for the trouble was greeted with tumultuous applause.

"Why don't you wait until after an investigation before accusing us?" demanded Gompers.

"When I was President, I went to any extreme to bring justice to the laboring man," retorted Roosevelt, "but where I find the laboring man committing murder, I will put him down."

Roosevelt as he made this statement had his hand raised above his head and he brought it down open with a resounding crack upon Gompers' shoulder. The crowd hissed and hooted when Gompers declared that Roosevelt was "bluffing."

BONE DRY AMENDMENT REJECTED BY SENATE

Clause Allowing Wine Making and Brewing Still Stands

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Without taking definite action on the prohibition clauses of the Food Control Bill, now under debate in the senate in third reading, the senate took a recess last night until Monday.

During the day, however, the senators adopted an amendment regarding the war sale of spirituous liquors that goes farther than any yet proposed, inasmuch as under it, during the period of the war, the importation of spirits is prohibited, while the immense stocks now held in bond and estimated as sufficient to fill the normal demand for three years cannot be drawn upon when the stocks now in the hands of dealers are sold out.

An amendment which would make the country bone dry by prohibiting the manufacture of wines and beers during the period of the war, to replace the clause giving the President the right to allow wine making and brewing to go on in his discretion, was rejected.

AMERICANS ARE NOT AS SMART AS TEUTON

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

COPENHAGEN, July 6.—The military editor of the *Vossische Zeitung* writes the German people against underestimating America and the part Americans can play in the war. He says that the Americans are not brilliant when compared with the Germans and the French, that they lack the talent of leadership, but in numbers and brute power they are like the British. However, he said, the German submarines will force a victory before the Americans become a factor in the war.

PREMIER SUGGESTS HEAD FOR IRISH CONVENTION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 6.—Premier Lloyd George in a statement in the house of commons today regarding the Irish convention, which will be held beginning July 25, suggested that Henry E. Duke, chief secretary of Ireland affairs, be provisional chairman of the gathering.

10,000 republicans under Tuan Kun, who is only twenty miles distant. There is fear that the royalists, realizing the hopelessness of their position, will desert and start looting in Peking.

Last night the republican party here despatched a cruiser en route to Chin Wang Tai, in an effort to persuade President Li to leave Peking and come to Shanghai, to throw the weight of his influence back of the movement launched here.

SECTION OF BATTLE FRONT FOR UNITED STATES IS SELECTED

General Pershing Approves of Part of Line Assigned To His Troops On Western Front

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PARIS, July 7.—The training bases for the American expeditionary army, where the men will be taught the fine points of trench warfare, are ready for occupancy, and the section of the long battle line of the Western front which they are to hold has been selected.

The training bases include accommodations for three branches of the service—the aviators, artillery and infantry. Here the American troops who have already landed on French soil, and the countless thousands who are to follow them as the great army to be raised by the selective draft is welded together, will be encamped for varying periods of time, until their commanders find that the men are ready for the bloody work of actual warfare. From these training camps they will then be taken to the trenches, to find themselves at last face to face with the Teutonic hordes.

Where the American forces are to be stationed on the long Western line is a military secret, but Gen. John J. Pershing, commanding the American army in Europe, has inspected it and has officially approved of the section allotted to the United States troops.

DRAFTING OF MEN FOR THE ARMY BEGINS NEXT WEEK

Change in Original Plans Is Believed Necessary To Bring Regulars and Guard To War Strength

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The drawing of men for the army under the Selective Draft Act will begin next week, according to indications here yesterday. It is expected that this will be necessary at this time in order to bring the regular army and the national guard up to their full strength as required under the recent act increasing the size of both the regular army and the national guard.

It was not previously expected that the draft drawing would take place until September, but the failure of voluntary enlistments to bring the army and the guard to full war strength has made necessary a change in the plans of army authorities.

AGITATION AGAINST JEWS IS CONDEMNED

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PETROGRAD, July 7.—The anti-Jewish agitation in Russia, which has broken out afresh since the revolution, is a danger to the republic, in the opinion of the soldiers and workmen. They have adopted a resolution strongly condemning the agitation on the ground that it is a menace to the republic and threatens a new revolutionary movement.

SOCIALISTS KICK AT GOVERNMENT ACTION

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

CHICAGO, July 7.—The national executive committee of the Socialist party has decided to file a formal protest with the government against what it declares is unwarranted interference with Socialist publications on the part of United States officials in this city and elsewhere throughout the country. It was asserted last night that one of the party's publications has been suppressed entirely and that six others have been unable to get through the mails on one ground or another.

ACCUSED MURDERER OF GIRL IDENTIFIED

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

DETROIT, July 7.—Allan Livingston, charged with a heinous crime, was arrested here last night, the case against him being strong. It is alleged that he enticed thirteen-year-old Hope Alexander into a grove in the city suburbs and there murdered her, after having criminally assaulted the child. A companion of the alleged victim of his criminal lust, a girl of ten years of age, has positively identified Livingston.

CAUSES AND CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

Overeating, a change in the temperature, unripe fruit, and impure water are some of the causes of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cures these bowels disturbances promptly. For sale by All Dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

GERMAN PLOT TO DESTROY GRAIN CROPS IS DISCOVERED

Federal Agents Unearth Gigantic Conspiracy To Burn Elevators and Cripple United States By Diminishing Its Food Supply

HOOVER SENDS OUT WARNING OF DANGER

Master Spy of Teuton Espionage System Is Trained But Makes His Escape When Secret Service Men Seize His Mail

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 7.—A gigantic German plot to burn the great grain crops of the corn and wheat belts of the Middle West and of other parts of the country has been unearthed by government agents and officers of the regular army. So imminent is the danger that Herbert C. Hoover, national food commissioner, has sent out warnings to the farmers and elevator men of the country and has urged that stockades be built around the elevators where grain is stored, to protect them from the traitorous conspiracy.

Alexander von Nuber, who, until the diplomatic break with Austria, was the Austrian consul in New York City, is believed by the federal agents to be the master spy of the Teuton espionage system that it is known permeates the entire United States. He is now a fugitive, having fled about the time the secret service agents discovered his connection with the spy plot.

I. W. W. IMPLICATED

The Industrial Workers of the World, who are said by government agents to be the tools with which Germany is working in this country, are accused by regular army officers of being implicated in the plot to destroy the crops of the Nation. Officers stationed in the Dakotas were instrumental in unearthing the gigantic conspiracy and revealed the fact that the I. W. W. was connected with it and that Industrial Workers were to apply the torch to the great granaries of the Middle West.

According to a report from Sioux Falls, Iowa, the army officers who discovered the conspiracy declare that plotters stationed in various parts of the grain States were supplied with maps which would enable them to start simultaneously upon their work of destruction. The officers asserted that the farmers of the country could not be too strongly warned to be on their guard against the treacherous allies of Germany who are seeking to cripple the resources of the United States and destroy the country's food reserve.

HOOVER ISSUES WARNING

Food Commissioner Hoover sent letters to President Griffin of the Chicago board of trade, urging that stockades be built around all elevators in the grain growing districts to protect them from the plots of the German enemy.

As a result of investigations made by federal agents into the methods whereby German spies in the United States are able to communicate with Germany, the authorities yesterday seized in New York a quantity of mail smuggled into the country and addressed to Alexander von Nuber, who was, until the diplomatic break with Austria, the Austrian consul in this city. The letters were brought to New York by members of the crew of a Scandinavian steamer, by whom they were

FRENCH CRUSHED BACK ATTACKS OF TEUTON FOES

Legions of Crown Prince Hurlled Back Four Times By Staunch Poilus

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

NEW YORK, July 7.—The French inflicted another crushing defeat upon the German Crown Prince yesterday, according to cable advices received here from the Western front, when they hurled back in bloody tatters his massed battalions, launched against them in four desperate attempts to retrieve ground won by them.

The French, under General Petain, took the offensive in the Champagne in an effort to straighten their line in the region of Mont Haut Camille. Their offensive was successful. But the Crown Prince, rendered desperate by this fresh reverse, made furious efforts to dislodge the poilus from the trenches taken by them.

Four times the Teuton prince hurled his legions against the immovable wall of French soldiers, and four times the German lines reeled back, stunned, torn and demoralized, while machine gun fire pursued them and bursting shells tore great holes in their fleeing ranks. Counter attacks by the French demonstrated that the German attempt to break their line was one of great importance.

Elsewhere on the French front action was for the most part confined to violent artillery fire. Along that part of the long battlefield where the British are confronting the Germans there were little activities yesterday outside of patrol raids. But the British are massing men, guns and ammunition, apparently, for a new and great offensive and important action is expected soon.

On the Eastern battle front there are indications that Russia is at last fully awake and that her legions are about to make a renewed effort to hurl back the forces of Field Marshal von Hindenburg. All up and down the far-drawn line the Russian batteries are working furiously, hurling countless tons of projectiles into the Teuton trenches, which is considered as indicating a tremendous offensive in the near future. There are also signs of a reawakening along the Rumanian front, where the reorganized Rumanian army, backed by the strong and reliable Russian force, is now ready to take the offensive in a determined effort to drive out the invaders who have despoiled their country.

Berlin claims to have repulsed the Russians in Galicia. The German report says that the battle in Galicia broke out afresh yesterday, after a night's pause from the action begun Thursday, and that Russian massed assaults between Zborow, Konieczny and Brzezany broke down, with heavy losses to the Slavs. Berlin also reports heavy artillery action north of Smorgon. The Germans likewise claim to have taken many French soldiers prisoner in hot hand-to-hand fighting along the Aisne.

The Turkish official statement, received by way of Copenhagen, says: "We captured 202 Russians in repelling an attack by them. Five hundred Russians were killed with the bayonet."

Fierce fighting, it is reported, took place between the Russians and the Turks near Bistun, on the Persian frontier.

AMERICAN PRESS IS NOT HELPING ENEMY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The newspapers of America are not publishing news that might be of value to the enemy, according to a statement made here last night by Lord Northcliffe, a member of the British commission that is visiting this country to arrange for the cooperation of England and the United States in the war with Germany.

Lord Northcliffe described in detail the work and methods of German spies in England. In the United States, he said, the most fatal information is cables through neutrals. Only two observers, watching the American press for a month, saw any information printed that might be of value to the enemy. "The really deadly news," he said, "is coded and sent through neutral countries for Germany."

NORSE SHIP SUNK

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

COPENHAGEN, July 6.—The Norwegian steamer *Bongula* has been sunk by a submarine.

Smuggled ashore and delivered to a lookout in Hloboken. Following the seizure of the letters, a search was made for von Nuber. The former consul had evidently got wind of the seizure of his forbidden mail, however, as he has disappeared.

Apparently von Nuber was the forwarding agent for a widespread German spy system. Some of the letters seized are addressed to various persons in Australia, New Zealand and India, as well as throughout the United States.

The announcement of the mail seizure appears to confirm the reports of a widespread spy system. It is likely that the agitation that has been commenced against possible German spies will result in more stringent espionage regulations, especially over all outgoing mail and cables.

RUMANIA GREET'S AMERICAN GENERAL

Chief of Staff Scott Reaches Jassy After Seeing Fierce Fighting in Galicia

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

JASSY, Rumania, July 7.—Major-General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the American army and military head of the American mission to Russia, accompanied by the members of his staff, reached this provisional capital yesterday, coming from the Russian front in Galicia, where he witnessed the recent Russian victory.

The American military men were given an enthusiastic reception here and were officially received by the members of the Rumanian parliament, which is now in session. The Americans have recently visited the Russian positions in Rumania, where renewed activities marked their visit.

Yesterday an incident on this front demonstrated the sincerity of the Ruman attitude towards the Germans. From the German trenches arose a multitude of white flags, and in the lull in the firing occasioned by the display of these tokens of surrender, the Germans sent a request into the Russian lines that the fighting be stopped and that the troops along that section fraternize, whatever their government might decide.

The Russian reply to this request was sent in the form of a torrent of shells, which blasted the white flags from the German parapets.

LABOR TROUBLES IN GERMAN FACTORIES

Munition Plants Affected By Strikes, Says Report

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

AMSTERDAM, July 7.—Labor troubles and strikes in some of the German munition works are reported in the issues of the *Berlin Handelsblatt* received here yesterday. As a result of the disturbances, a number of the plants have been shut down, says that paper.

Soldiers called out to suppress the strikers fired a volley into a crowd of demonstrators, killing one and wounding eleven.

CIGARETTES BARRED FROM COMFORT BAGS

Shant Be Sent To Soldiers If C. E. Association Can Help

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WINONA LAKE, Indiana, July 6.—The National Christian Endeavor Association today passed a resolution declaring that in the "comfort bags" to be made for the American soldiers by the million association members both cards and cigarettes are to be omitted.

ORLEANS TORPEDOED AND FOUR DROWNED

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The American steamer *Orleans* has been sunk by a submarine, with four of the crew known to have been drowned. The naval gun crew aboard was saved.

No other facts about the sinking were given out here today, details being stopped by the censor.

Nerves Ail On Edge?



Just as nerve wear is a cause of kidney weakness, so is kidney trouble a cause of nervousness. Anyone who has a combination of backache, nervousness, "blues," headache, dizzy spells, urinary ills and a tired, worn feeling, would do well to try Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. This safe, reliable remedy acts directly on the kidneys. It is recommended by thousands of people who have had relief from just such troubles. "When Your Back Is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50c a box, (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson, Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.—Advertisement.

CHANCELLOR CHANGES HIS PEACE TALK EXPRESSIONS

Decides That All Hope of a Separate Agreement With the Freed Russian Nation Has Gone By Despite Work of His Agents

WILL WARN GERMANY THAT THE WORST IS COMING NOW

Country Will Be Told That Most Tremendous Offensives May Be Expected To Smash In Teutonic Armies Upon Both Flanks

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 7.—The correspondent of the Central News Agency at The Hague wires that he has received authoritative information from Germany that the German imperial chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, has radically altered the tone of the address which he is expected to make in the reichstag today. Originally, the plan of the imperial chancellor was to so address the members that his speech might be taken as affording the basis for peace negotiations.

WORST IS COMING

The chancellor has been forced to the decision, however, that the last hope for a separate peace with Russia has now disappeared and that it is hopeless to suggest any peace along the only lines which would be in the least acceptable to Germany. He has, therefore, outlined a speech in which he will make it plain to the Germans that they must prepare themselves to face an offensive on both fronts greater than any the armies have yet been called upon to bear, and he will urge Germany to steel itself into holding out until the final victory comes.

The reichstag convened in Berlin yesterday for its midsummer session, the call stating that the principal business of the session would be to vote the necessary war credits. In his opening address, the president of the chamber said:

THE KAISER'S PEACE

"What shocking misery and distress would have been spared the world if the enemies of Germany had accepted the Kaiser's magnanimous peace offer?" He said that Germany is defending herself against enemies who mean to destroy her.

During the session vigorous criticism was made that the government crop report which gave the prospects as "really brilliant" is too optimistic. One speaker said that such a report raises false hopes among the people. President Rotschke of the farmers' union declared that the grain has suffered from drought and that the early crop of potatoes is poor.

Indirect reports from Budapest state that Premier Esterhazy has announced his intention of dissolving the Hungarian parliament because the obstructive tactics of Former Premier Tisca and his supporters make legislation impossible.

ARGENTINE DEMANDS GERMANY APOLOGIZE

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 6.—The Argentine Republic has demanded of Germany an immediate apology and indemnity for the sinking by a German submarine of the Argentine steamer *Oriana*. The Argentine also demands that the flag shall be respected in the future.